

Required fields are shown with yellow backgrounds and asterisks.

Filing by Chicago Board Options Exchange
Pursuant to Rule 19b-4 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Initial *	Amendment *	Withdrawal	Section 19(b)(2) *	Section 19(b)(3)(A) *	Section 19(b)(3)(B) *
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			Rule		
Pilot	Extension of Time Period for Commission Action *	Date Expires *	<input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(1)	<input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(4)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(2)	<input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(5)	
			<input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(6)	

Notice of proposed change pursuant to the Payment, Clearing, and Settlement Act of 2010	Security-Based Swap Submission pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
Section 806(e)(1) *	Section 806(e)(2) *
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Section 3C(b)(2) *
	<input type="checkbox"/>

Exhibit 2 Sent As Paper Document	Exhibit 3 Sent As Paper Document
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Description

Provide a brief description of the action (limit 250 characters, required when Initial is checked *).

Amend the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program to permit new series to be added up to and including on the expiration date.

Contact Information

Provide the name, telephone number, and e-mail address of the person on the staff of the self-regulatory organization prepared to respond to questions and comments on the action.

First Name *	Jenny	Last Name *	Golding
Title *	Assistant General Counsel		
E-mail *	golding@cboe.com		
Telephone *	(312) 876-7466	Fax	

Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934,

has duly caused this filing to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

(Title *)

Date	09/16/2016	Assistant Secretary
By	Jenny L. Golding	
	(Name *)	

Persona Not Validated - 1445520771202,

NOTE: Clicking the button at right will digitally sign and lock this form. A digital signature is as legally binding as a physical signature, and once signed, this form cannot be changed.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

For complete Form 19b-4 instructions please refer to the EFFF website.

Form 19b-4 Information *

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The self-regulatory organization must provide all required information, presented in a clear and comprehensible manner, to enable the public to provide meaningful comment on the proposal and for the Commission to determine whether the proposal is consistent with the Act and applicable rules and regulations under the Act.

Exhibit 1 - Notice of Proposed Rule Change *

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The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for publication in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register (OFR) offers guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to the federal securities laws must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO]-xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines will result in the proposed rule change being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3)

Exhibit 1A- Notice of Proposed Rule Change, Security-Based Swap Submission, or Advance Notice by Clearing Agencies *

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The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for publication in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register (OFR) offers guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to the federal securities laws must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO]-xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines will result in the proposed rule change, security-based swap submission, or advance notice being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3)

Exhibit 2 - Notices, Written Comments, Transcripts, Other Communications

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Exhibit Sent As Paper Document

Copies of notices, written comments, transcripts, other communications. If such documents cannot be filed electronically in accordance with Instruction F, they shall be filed in accordance with Instruction G.

Exhibit 3 - Form, Report, or Questionnaire

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Exhibit Sent As Paper Document

Copies of any form, report, or questionnaire that the self-regulatory organization proposes to use to help implement or operate the proposed rule change, or that is referred to by the proposed rule change.

Exhibit 4 - Marked Copies

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The full text shall be marked, in any convenient manner, to indicate additions to and deletions from the immediately preceding filing. The purpose of Exhibit 4 is to permit the staff to identify immediately the changes made from the text of the rule with which it has been working.

Exhibit 5 - Proposed Rule Text

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The self-regulatory organization may choose to attach as Exhibit 5 proposed changes to rule text in place of providing it in Item I and which may otherwise be more easily readable if provided separately from Form 19b-4. Exhibit 5 shall be considered part of the proposed rule change.

Partial Amendment

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If the self-regulatory organization is amending only part of the text of a lengthy proposed rule change, it may, with the Commission's permission, file only those portions of the text of the proposed rule change in which changes are being made if the filing (i.e. partial amendment) is clearly understandable on its face. Such partial amendment shall be clearly identified and marked to show deletions and additions.

Item 1. Text of the Proposed Rule Change

(a) Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated (the “Exchange” or “CBOE”) proposes to align CBOE’s listing ability under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program with CBOE’s listing ability under the Short Term Option Series (“STOs”) Program (which is an industry-wide program). Specifically, CBOE proposes to permit new series to be added up to and including on the expiration date for expirations listed under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program. The text of the proposed rule change is provided in Exhibit 5.

(b) Not applicable.

(c) Not applicable.

Item 2. Procedures of the Self-Regulatory Organization

(a) The Exchange’s President (or designee) pursuant to delegated authority approved the proposed rule change on August 3, 2016.

(b) Please refer questions and comments on the proposed rule change to Joanne Moffic-Silver, Executive Vice President, General Counsel, and Corporate Secretary, (312) 786-7462, or Jenny L. Golding, (312) 786-7466, Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated, 400 South LaSalle, Chicago, Illinois 60605.

Item 3. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

(a) Purpose

CBOE proposes to permit new series to be added up to and including on the expiration date for expirations listed under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program. The Exchange states that the ability to list new series up to and including on their last trading day or expiration date (as applicable) is currently permitted for expirations listed

under the STOs Program, which is an industry-wide program.¹ This proposal seeks to align CBOE's listing ability under the two Programs.

In July 2005, the Commission approved a CBOE rule filing to establish the STOs Program on a pilot basis.² When it was adopted, the STOs Program permitted CBOE to list series in an approved class (i.e., stock, ETP or index) on any Friday to expire at the close of business on the next Friday that is a business day (excluding third Fridays).³ Importantly, under the Program then and now, STOs are settled in the same manner as monthly (standard) expiration series in the same class. For example, if the monthly option contract for a particular class is A.M.-settled, as most index options are, STOs for that class are also A.M.-settled. This means that the last trading day for A.M.-settled index STOs is on the business day prior to their expiration day (Thursday) and the exercise settlement value is based on the reported level of the index calculated using opening prices of the index components on the expiration day.⁴ A.M.-settled index STOs and P.M.-settled index STOs expire at the close of business on their expiration dates.

¹ The STOs Program is set forth in Rule 5.5(d) (which governs the STOs Program for stock and exchange-traded product ("ETP") option classes) and Rule 24.9(a)(2)(A) (which governs the STOs Program for index option classes). The last trading day and expiration date for an options class are generally determined by its exercise-settlement style. For P.M.-settled contracts, the last trading day and expiration date occur on the same business day. For A.M.-settled contracts, the last trading is on the business day before the expiration date. Because the expirations listed under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program are P.M.-settled, the last trading and expiration date for these expirations occur on the same business day.

² See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 52011 (July 12, 2005), 70 FR 41451 (July 19, 2005) (order approving SR-CBOE-2004-63).

³ Similar versions of the STOs Program have been adopted by the majority, if not all, of the other options exchanges, see e.g., BOX IM-5050-6 to Rule 5050 (Short Term Option Series Program) and ISE Rule 504.02 (Short Term Option Series Program), MIAX Rule 404.02 (Short Term Option Series Program).

⁴ The last trading day and expiration date are the same day (Friday) for P.M.-settled index STOs and the exercise settlement value is based on the reported level of the index calculated using the last reported prices of the index components on the expiration date. CBOE currently lists P.M.-settled index STOs on the S&P 100 Index (OEX which has American-style exercise and XEO which has European-style exercise). These index STOs are P.M.-settled because monthly (standard) expiration series in OEX and XEO are P.M.-settled.

The STOs Program was made permanent⁵ and has been expanded several times so that currently, among other things, STOs expirations may be listed to expire on the next five Fridays that are business days (excluding third Fridays and days on which Quarterly Option Series expire) and new series of STOs may be added up to and including on their last trading day or expiration date (as applicable).⁶

Due to the same expiration style restriction for STOs on broad-based indexes, CBOE submitted a proposal in 2009 to establish a pilot program under which CBOE is permitted to list P.M.-settled options on broad-based indexes that expire on (a) any Friday of the month, other than the third Friday-of-the-month, and (b) the last trading day of the month.⁷ This pilot program is currently named the “Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program” and expirations listed under this Program compete with expirations listed under the industry wide STOs Program.⁸

Unlike new series listed under the STOs Program, the listing of new series under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program is treated the same as standard options on the same underlying index (other than being P.M.-settled).⁹ Specifically, Rule 24.9.01(c) governs the listing of new series under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program and that Rule provides, in relevant part, that new series of index options may be added up to the fifth business day prior to expiration. As a result, classes traded under the

⁵ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 59824 (April 27, 2009), 74 FR 20518 (May 4, 2009) (order approving SR-CBOE-2009-018).

⁶ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 71005 (December 6, 2013), 78 FR 75395 (December 11, 2013) (order approving SR-CBOE-2013-096).

⁷ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 62911 (September 14, 2010), 75 FR 57539 (September 21, 2010) (order approving SR-CBOE-2009-075).

⁸ See Securities Exchange Act Release Nos. 76909 (January 14, 2016), 81 FR 3512 (January 21, 2016) (order approving SR-CBOE-2015-106) and 78531 (August 10, 2016), 81 FR 54643 (August 16, 2016) (order approving SR-CBOE-2016-046).

⁹ For standard stock and ETP options, new series may generally be added until the beginning of the month in which the option contract will expire. Due to unusual market conditions, the Exchange, in its discretion, may add new series of options on an individual stock until the close of trading on the second business day prior to expirations. See Rule 5.5.04.

Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program are competitively disadvantaged to classes traded under the STOs Program. This is because new series of STOs may be added past the time that they may be added for Nonstandard Expirations. Additionally, Rule 24.9.01 permits new series to be added up to and including on the last trading day for other index options that expire on a weekly basis (i.e., VIX options and VXST options, which are both classes that have weekly expirations).¹⁰

Accordingly, the Exchange seeks to align CBOE's listing ability under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program with CBOE's listing ability under the STOs Program and with other index options that expire on a weekly basis. Specifically, the Exchange proposes to amend Rule 24.9(e)(1) and Rule 24.9(e)(2) to expressly permit the addition of new series up to and including on the expiration date for series listed under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program. As with intraday series added under the STOs Program, The Options Clearing Corporation ("OCC") has the ability to accommodate same day series adds under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program.

The Exchange is proposing to correct two typographical errors in Rule 24.9(e)(1). This proposed change is a cleanup change and is non-substantive.

(b) Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes the proposed rule change is consistent with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Act") and the rules and regulations thereunder applicable to the Exchange and, in particular, the requirements of Section 6(b) of the Act.¹¹

¹⁰ VIX and VXST are A.M.-settled index options and do not trade on their expiration date. Because series listed under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program are P.M.-settled and trade throughout the day on their expiration date, the Exchange is seeking to permit new series in Nonstandard Expirations to be added up to and including on their expiration date (which is their last trading day, too). This proposed change tracks the Exchange's listing ability for P.M.-settled series listed under the industry-wide STOs Program.

¹¹ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b).

Specifically, the Exchange believes the proposed rule change is consistent with the Section 6(b)(5)¹² requirements that the rules of an exchange be designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in regulating, clearing, settling, processing information with respect to, and facilitating transactions in securities, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest.

In particular, because expirations listed under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program compete with expirations listed under the STOs Program (both intra and inter-market), the Exchange believes that is necessary for competitive reasons (both intra and inter-market) to have the same series listing abilities under each Program. Market participants would also benefit from this proposal because they would be able to request and receive strikes in competing products up to and including on the expiration date for these competing products. The Exchange notes that the ability to list series up to and including on expiration for P.M.-settled STOs (and their last trading day for A.M.-settled STOs and weekly VIX and VXST options) already exists. As a result, permitting new series listed under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program to be added up to and including on their expiration date is not a new or novel proposal.

Finally, the Exchange is proposing to make two technical changes to the text of Rule 5.5(d). One proposed change is grammatical and the other deletes a repetitive word. These changes would benefit investors because CBOE's Rulebook would read correctly.

¹² 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

Item 4. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

CBOE does not believe that the proposed rule change would impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The Exchange notes that new series are permitted to be added up to and including on their last trading day or expiration date (as applicable) for series listed under the STOs Program and on their last trading day for certain weekly expiring index options. As a result, permitting new series to be added up to and including on the expiration date for Nonstandard Expirations is not a new or novel proposal. Additionally, the current rule change is being proposed to allow Nonstandard Expirations to compete (both intra and inter-market) with series listed under the STOs program. CBOE believes this proposed rule change is necessary to ensure fair competition among the options exchanges. Also, the Exchange does not believe the proposal would impose any burden on intramarket competition, as all market participants would be treated in the same manner and would have more tools for trading if CBOE has the same listing ability in both programs.

Item 5. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others

The Exchange neither solicited nor received comments on the proposed rule change.

Item 6. Extension of Time Period for Commission Action

Not applicable.

Item 7. Basis for Summary Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(3) or for Accelerated Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) or Section 19(b)(7)(D)

(a) The proposed rule change is filed for immediate effectiveness pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of Act¹³ and Rule 19b-4(f)(6)¹⁴ thereunder.

(b) The Exchange designates that the proposed rule change effects a change that (i) does not significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest; (ii) does not impose any significant burden on competition; and (iii) by its terms, does not become operative for 30 days after the date of the filing, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate if consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest. Additionally, the Exchange has given the Commission written notice of its intent to file the proposed rule change, along with a brief description and text of the proposed rule change, at least five business days prior to the date of filing of the proposed rule change, or such shorter time as designated by the Commission.

The proposed rule change is substantially similar in all material respects to existing rules under the STOs Program and for other index options that expire weekly, namely that new series may be added up to and including on their last trading day or expiration date (as applicable).¹⁵ While the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program is a separate program from the STOs program, the series listed under both Programs trade similarly and compete. Additionally, Rule 24.9.01(b) permits new series to be added up to and including on the last day of trading for VIX and VXST options, which are permitted to expire on a weekly basis.

¹³ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

¹⁴ 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6).

¹⁵ See supra note 1.

As a result, the Exchange believes that this current filing does not raise any new or novel issues because the ability to list series up to and including on expiration for P.M.-settled STOs (and their last trading day for A.M.-settled STOs and weekly VIX and VXST options) is already permitted for similar types of expirations listed under a different and competitive program.¹⁶ Additionally, the Exchange believes this proposed rule change is necessary to permit fair competition both intra and inter-market.

For the foregoing reasons, this rule filing qualifies as a “non-controversial” rule change under Rule 19b-4(f)(6), which renders the proposed rule change effective upon filing with the Commission. At any time within 60 days of the filing of this proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission will institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be approved or disapproved.

The Exchange respectfully requests that the Commission waive the 30-day operative delay period after which a proposed rule change under Rule 19b-4(f)(6) becomes effective. Because the Exchange is seeking to align the listing rules for the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program with the listing rules for the industry-wide STOs program and with CBOE’s listing rules for other index options that expire weekly, waiver of the operative delay is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest. This is because it would encourage fair competition both inter and intra-market by

¹⁶ Also, the technical changes are non-controversial because they are not novel and present no new issues.

allowing CBOE to compete effectively because CBOE would have the ability to list new series up to and including on their expiration date for Nonstandard Expirations.

(c) Not applicable.

(d) Not applicable.

Item 8. Proposed Rule Change Based on Rules of Another Self-Regulatory Organization or of the Commission

The proposed rule change is substantially similar in all material respects to the following existing rules: CBOE Rules 5.5(d)(4), 24.9(a)(2)(A)(iv) and 24.9.01(c), BOX IM-5050-6 to Rule 505 (Short Term Option Series Program), ISE Rule 504.02 (Short Term Option Series Program) and MIAX Rule 404.02 (Short Term Option Series Program). While the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program is a separate program from the Programs set forth in the rules cited above, the series listed under both Programs trade similarly and compete.

Item 9. Security-Based Swap Submissions Filed Pursuant to Section 3C of the Act

Not applicable.

Item 10. Advance Notices Filed Pursuant to Section 806(e) of the Payment, Clearing and Settlement Supervision Act

Not applicable.

Item 11. Exhibits

Exhibit 1. Form of Notice of Proposed Rule Change for publication in the Federal Register.

Exhibit 5. Proposed Rule Text.

EXHIBIT 1

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
(Release No. 34- ; File No. SR-CBOE-2016-069)

Dated: _____

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Amend the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program to Permit New Series to be Added Up to and Including on the Expiration Date

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Act”),¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² notice is hereby given that on _____, 2016, Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated (the “Exchange” or “CBOE”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Exchange filed the proposal as a “non-controversial” proposed rule change pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(iii) of the Act³ and Rule 19b-4(f)(6) thereunder.⁴ The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

CBOE proposes to align CBOE’s listing ability under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program with CBOE’s listing ability under the Short Term Option Series (“STOs”) Program (which is an industry-wide program). Specifically, CBOE proposes to permit new series to be added up to and including on the expiration date for expirations listed under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program. The text of the

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).
² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.
³ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A)(iii).
⁴ 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6).

proposed rule change is available on the Exchange's website (<http://www.cboe.com/AboutCBOE/CBOELegalRegulatoryHome.aspx>), at the Exchange's Office of the Secretary, and at the Commission.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

CBOE proposes to permit new series to be added up to and including on the expiration date for expirations listed under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program. The Exchange states that the ability to list new series up to and including on their last trading day or expiration date (as applicable) is currently permitted for expirations listed under the STOs Program, which is an industry-wide program.⁵ This proposal seeks to align CBOE's listing ability under the two Programs.

In July 2005, the Commission approved a CBOE rule filing to establish the STOs

⁵ The STOs Program is set forth in Rule 5.5(d) (which governs the STOs Program for stock and exchange-traded product ("ETP") option classes) and Rule 24.9(a)(2)(A) (which governs the STOs Program for index option classes). The last trading day and expiration date for an options class are generally determined by its exercise-settlement style. For P.M.-settled contracts, the last trading day and expiration date occur on the same business day. For A.M.-settled contracts, the last trading is on the business day before the expiration date. Because the expirations listed under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program are P.M.-settled, the last trading and expiration date for these expirations occur on the same business day.

Program on a pilot basis.⁶ When it was adopted, the STOs Program permitted CBOE to list series in an approved class (i.e., stock, ETP or index) on any Friday to expire at the close of business on the next Friday that is a business day (excluding third Fridays).⁷ Importantly, under the Program then and now, STOs are settled in the same manner as monthly (standard) expiration series in the same class. For example, if the monthly option contract for a particular class is A.M.-settled, as most index options are, STOs for that class are also A.M.-settled. This means that the last trading day for A.M.-settled index STOs is on the business day prior to their expiration day (Thursday) and the exercise settlement value is based on the reported level of the index calculated using opening prices of the index components on the expiration day.⁸ A.M.-settled index STOs and P.M.-settled index STOs expire at the close of business on their expiration dates.

The STOs Program was made permanent⁹ and has been expanded several times so that currently, among other things, STOs expirations may be listed to expire on the next five Fridays that are business days (excluding third Fridays and days on which Quarterly Option Series expire) and new series of STOs may be added up to and including on their last trading day or expiration date (as applicable).¹⁰

⁶ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 52011 (July 12, 2005), 70 FR 41451 (July 19, 2005) (order approving SR-CBOE-2004-63).

⁷ Similar versions of the STOs Program have been adopted by the majority, if not all, of the other options exchanges, see e.g., BOX IM-5050-6 to Rule 5050 (Short Term Option Series Program) and ISE Rule 504.02 (Short Term Option Series Program), MIAX Rule 404.02 (Short Term Option Series Program).

⁸ The last trading day and expiration date are the same day (Friday) for P.M.-settled index STOs and the exercise settlement value is based on the reported level of the index calculated using the last reported prices of the index components on the expiration date. CBOE currently lists P.M.-settled index STOs on the S&P 100 Index (OEX which has American-style exercise and XEO which has European-style exercise). These index STOs are P.M.-settled because monthly (standard) expiration series in OEX and XEO are P.M.-settled.

⁹ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 59824 (April 27, 2009), 74 FR 20518 (May 4, 2009) (order approving SR-CBOE-2009-018).

¹⁰ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 71005 (December 6, 2013), 78 FR 75395 (December 11, 2013) (order approving SR-CBOE-2013-096).

Due to the same expiration style restriction for STOs on broad-based indexes, CBOE submitted a proposal in 2009 to establish a pilot program under which CBOE is permitted to list P.M.-settled options on broad-based indexes that expire on (a) any Friday of the month, other than the third Friday-of-the-month, and (b) the last trading day of the month.¹¹ This pilot program is currently named the “Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program” and expirations listed under this Program compete with expirations listed under the industry wide STOs Program.¹²

Unlike new series listed under the STOs Program, the listing of new series under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program is treated the same as standard options on the same underlying index (other than being P.M.-settled).¹³ Specifically, Rule 24.9.01(c) governs the listing of new series under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program and that Rule provides, in relevant part, that new series of index options may be added up to the fifth business day prior to expiration. As a result, classes traded under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program are competitively disadvantaged to classes traded under the STOs Program. This is because new series of STOs may be added past the time that they may be added for Nonstandard Expirations. Additionally, Rule 24.9.01 permits new series to be added up to and including on the last trading day for other index options that expire on a weekly basis (i.e., VIX options and VXST options, which are

¹¹ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 62911 (September 14, 2010), 75 FR 57539 (September 21, 2010) (order approving SR-CBOE-2009-075).

¹² See Securities Exchange Act Release Nos. 76909 (January 14, 2016), 81 FR 3512 (January 21, 2016) (order approving SR-CBOE-2015-106) and 78531 (August 10, 2016), 81 FR 54643 (August 16, 2016) (order approving SR-CBOE-2016-046).

¹³ For standard stock and ETP options, new series may generally be added until the beginning of the month in which the option contract will expire. Due to unusual market conditions, the Exchange, in its discretion, may add new series of options on an individual stock until the close of trading on the second business day prior to expirations. See Rule 5.5.04.

both classes that have weekly expirations).¹⁴

Accordingly, the Exchange seeks to align CBOE's listing ability under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program with CBOE's listing ability under the STOs Program and with other index options that expire on a weekly basis. Specifically, the Exchange proposes to amend Rule 24.9(e)(1) and Rule 24.9(e)(2) to expressly permit the addition of new series up to and including on the expiration date for series listed under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program. As with intraday series added under the STOs Program, The Options Clearing Corporation ("OCC") has the ability to accommodate same day series adds under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program.

The Exchange is proposing to correct two typographical errors in Rule 24.9(e)(1). This proposed change is a cleanup change and is non-substantive..

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder applicable to the Exchange and, in particular, the requirements of Section 6(b) of the Act.¹⁵ Specifically, the Exchange believes the proposed rule change is consistent with the Section 6(b)(5)¹⁶ requirements that the rules of an exchange be designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in regulating, clearing, settling, processing information with respect to, and facilitating transactions in securities, to remove impediments to and perfect the

¹⁴ VIX and VXST are A.M.-settled index options and do not trade on their expiration date. Because series listed under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program are P.M.-settled and trade throughout the day on their expiration date, the Exchange is seeking to permit new series in Nonstandard Expirations to be added up to and including on their expiration date (which is their last trading day, too). This proposed change tracks the Exchange's listing ability for P.M.-settled series listed under the industry-wide STOs Program.

¹⁵ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b).

¹⁶ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest.

In particular, because expirations listed under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program compete with expirations listed under the STOs Program (both intra and inter-market), the Exchange believes that is necessary for competitive reasons (both intra and inter-market) to have the same series listing abilities under each Program. Market participants would also benefit from this proposal because they would be able to request and receive strikes in competing products up to and including on the expiration date for these competing products. The Exchange notes that the ability to list series up to and including on expiration for P.M.-settled STOs (and their last trading day for A.M.-settled STOs and weekly VIX and VXST options) already exists. As a result, permitting new series listed under the Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program to be added up to and including on their expiration date is not a new or novel proposal.

Finally, the Exchange is proposing to make two technical changes to the text of Rule 5.5(d). One proposed change is grammatical and the other deletes a repetitive word. These changes would benefit investors because CBOE's Rulebook would read correctly.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

CBOE does not believe that the proposed rule change would impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The Exchange notes that new series are permitted to be added up to and including on their last trading day or expiration date (as applicable) for series listed under the STOs Program and on their last trading day for certain weekly expiring index options. As a result, permitting new series to be added up to and including on the expiration date for

Nonstandard Expirations is not a new or novel proposal. Additionally, the current rule change is being proposed to allow Nonstandard Expirations to compete (both intra and inter-market) with series listed under the STOs program. CBOE believes this proposed rule change is necessary to ensure fair competition among the options exchanges. Also, the Exchange does not believe the proposal would impose any burden on intramarket competition, as all market participants would be treated in the same manner and would have more tools for trading if CBOE has the same listing ability in both programs.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others

The Exchange neither solicited nor received comments on the proposed rule change.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Because the foregoing proposed rule change does not:

- A. significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest;
- B. impose any significant burden on competition; and
- C. become operative for 30 days from the date on which it was filed, or such

shorter time as the Commission may designate, it has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act¹⁷ and Rule 19b-4(f)(6)¹⁸ thereunder. At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action,

¹⁷ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

¹⁸ 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6).

the Commission will institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be approved or disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic comments:

- Use the Commission's Internet comment form (<http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an e-mail to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR-CBOE-2016-069 on the subject line.

Paper comments:

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-CBOE-2016-069. This file number should be included on the subject line if e-mail is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's Internet website (<http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for

website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549 on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR-CBOE-2016-069 and should be submitted on or before [insert date 21 days from publication in the Federal Register].

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.¹⁹

Secretary

¹⁹ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

EXHIBIT 5

(additions are underlined; deletions are [bracketed])

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**Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated
Rules**

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Rule 24.9. Terms of Index Option Contracts

(a) – (d) No changes.

(e) *Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program*

(1) Weekly Expirations. The Exchange may open for trading Weekly Expirations on any broad-based index eligible for standard options trading to expire on any Monday, Wednesday, or Friday (other than the third Friday-of-the-month or days that coincide with an EOM expiration). Weekly Expirations shall be subject to all provisions of this Rule and treated the same as options on the same underlying index that expire on the third Friday of the expiration month; provided, however, that Weekly Expirations shall be P.M.-settled and new series in Weekly Expirations may be added up to and including on the expiration date for an expiring Weekly Expiration.

The maximum number of expirations that may be listed for each Weekly Expiration (i.e., a Monday expiration, Wednesday expiration, or Friday expiration, as applicable) in a given class is the same as the maximum number of expirations permitted in Rule 24.9(a)(2) for standard options on the same broad-based index. Other than expirations that are third Friday-of-the-month or that coincide with an EOM expiration, Weekly Expirations shall be for consecutive Monday, Wednesday, or Friday expirations as applicable. Weekly Expirations that are first listed in a given class may expire up to four weeks from the actual listing date. If the last trading day of a month is a Monday, Wednesday, or Friday and the Exchange lists EOMs and Weekly Expirations as applicable in a given class, the Exchange will list an EOM instead of a Weekly Expiration in the given class. Other expirations in the same class are not counted as part of the maximum number[s] of Weekly Expirations [expirations] for a broad-based index class. If the Exchange is not open for business on a respective Monday, the normally Monday expiring Weekly Expirations will expire on the following business day. If the Exchange is not open for business on a respective Wednesday or Friday, the normally Wednesday or Friday expiring Weekly Expirations will expire on the previous business day.

(2) End of Month (“EOM”) Expirations. The Exchange may open for trading EOMs on any broad-based index eligible for standard options trading to expire on last trading day of the month. EOMs shall be subject to all provisions of this Rule and treated the same as options on the same underlying index that expire on the third Friday of the expiration month; provided, however, that EOMs shall be P.M.-settled and new series in EOMs may be added up to and including on the expiration date for an expiring EOM.

The maximum number of expirations that may be listed for EOMs in a given class is the same as the maximum number of expirations permitted in Rule 24.9(a)(2) for standard options on the same broad-based index. EOM expirations shall be for consecutive end of month expirations. EOMs that are first listed in a given class may expire up to four weeks from the actual listing date. Other expirations in the same class are not counted as part of the maximum numbers of EOM expirations for a broad-based index class.

(3) Duration of Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program. The Nonstandard Expirations Pilot Program shall be through May 3, 2017.

(4) Weekly Expirations and EOM Trading Hours on the Last Trading Day. On the last trading day, transactions in expiring Weekly Expirations and EOMs may be effected on the Exchange between the hours of 8:30 a.m. (Chicago time) and 3:00 pm (Chicago time).

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